A GUIDE FOR THE EXPANDED GARDEN PROJECT

Participatory processes in education

During the Interreg project DANUrB, working with local communions as key issue. We focused on processes which can be adapted small towns and provide knowledge and tools for people to validheir heritage and improve their environment. In this guide, we induce The Expanded Garden workshop, one of our activity related participatory processes in education.

The Expanded Garden works with art interventions, called micro-lal tories, which focus on the interrelations of critical education, conterrary art practices and urban environmental policies. Interventions place in different schoolyards and their surroundings. Based on the sumption that education can take place in every moment and every re, the micro-laboratories constitute an expanded territory of perfective learning, a place of playful reflection about urban-rural space, air at reflecting on our daily ecological behaviour.

WHO IS IT FOR?

For visual artists, scholars, citizens or institutions who want to thinlact around the idea of the "Cooperative City":

People who want to reconnect the schools with the city, through the spective of young people and through interventions on semi-rura semi-public spaces.

People who are interested in creating new spaces for knowledge exege and cultural production between schools, visual artists and connity initiatives on alternative models of a sustainable economy. People who try to visualize different agricultural heritage systems. And artist-researchers who focus on research about participatory hods through techniques of cooperatives games similar socions.

hods through techniques of cooperatives games, similar socion exercises and new media pedagogies.

nities ed in orise ntroed to

borampotook e aswhebrmaming

k and

e per-I and

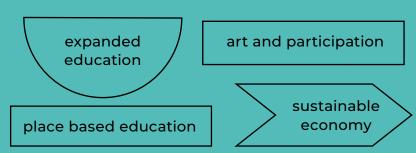
channmu-

metnetric

WHY DO WE DO IT?

The micro-laboratories consist of punctual interventions forming a mobile laboratory, which can be displayed and positioned on various sites. It is transportable to various places and thus makes education an issue that takes place everywhere. In the expanded garden being a more specific issue on the environmental conditions and about food and food culture, artists and teachers offer space to students for experimental production based on knowledge exchange among themselves. This action can also be used to connect public schools with local enterprises in the food and agriculture sector and thus increase the students' identification with local products and foods.

At the heart of these artistic interventions are interdisciplinary investigations of public space and its continuous transformation. Emphasis is put on the critical articulation of actual urban and rural/urban landscapes including food production and retail. Working on the assumption that every place constitutes an open system, the expanded garden helps to detect and put under scrutiny the potentials of symbolic and social/political interference in such spaces.



OUR STORY

The Expanded Garden project derives from the artistic project "Corridor Breaks" that Irene Lucas and Christoph Eudesigned for the Manifesta 8 (2010) exhibition in Murcia, at that they have also carried out in Vienna in adapted version

Starting from the concept of the art device of Brian Homes, the main idea was to realize artistic interventions courtyards of different schools to develop a photo-in tallation - diagram as a comparative network of series photos developed through group dynamics and interactions at the school and outside the school.

The Expanded Garden micro-laboratories use the schoolyard as the starting point for a route that links the school with civic initiatives in a 2km radius of the school in the form of a sustainable route. Following local projector initiatives in each community and connecting them

'O-

er

nd ns.

ol-

in

ıs-

of

ti-

ne he

ls,

to

the playgrounds of the schools is the strategy, which allows to open up an interdisciplinary space of co-creation and knowledge exchange.

It is decisive to contact initiatives around principal movements on sustainable matters such as Permaculture, Slow Food, Biodiversity, Bike Community, Coworking Spaces, Urban Gardening, Food Coops, Community Seed Banks ... During the research period, it is important to have a wide angle to give space to specific local projects which are perhaps grounded in global movements, such as the network of transition towns.

Essential ingredients of our methodology are dynamics dealing with cooperative games, mappings, collaborative visual production through drawings, video and photography and at the end the celebration of a collective lunch.

OCCURRING PROBLEMS

SUGGESTED S

Kids and students don't have the knowledge to reconnect with their environment.

start educative d Investigate the cultural, social ment of the cor and initiate discus

Involve communi

Lack of community-based practices (like planning and sharing ideas in teams)

Encourage kids, so munities and local st to connect and colla

Difficulties in the communication among local initiatives.

Include our contact ne the intention of and to visit the plarest and possible c

Horizontal collaboration with local partners need time and similar interests (so far, only on one occasion did we have difficulties with the collaboration with paid assistants)

Define clear r and capabiliti

OLUTIONS

ties and alogues. current environ-munity

chool comcakeholders aborate.

cts to defithe project ces of inteooperation

oles es

TOOLS/METHODOLOGY OF THE SOLUTION

PARTICIPATORY PLANNING:

Discussing problems and opportunities reveals new information that leads to better results.

MENTAL MAPPING:

It provides an opportunity to develop a dialogue about certain subjective and objective topics, thereby, participants can create a new social environmental "map".

COMMUNITY DIALOGUE:

In many cases, the dialogue itself leads to a solution without further actions taken.

PLACEMAKING:

Rethinking and redesigning unused or underused places by the Danube or in their cities through temporarily using them for social, cultural or environmental purposes.

INCREASE TRUST AMONG LOCAL PARTNERS AND PROFESSIONALS

FACE TO FACE COMMUNICATION

WHY SHOULD YOU DO IT?

- Applying an Expanded Garden project in your community can bring each partner/participant several benefits such as:
- opening new perspectives for the local community and school community
- creating intersubjective production of meaning through artistic events
- improving relationships between different partners
- creating moments of co-creation between the different partners

WHAT WILL YOU NEED?

In order to carry out a successful project, you would need at least:

- Contact with one or two local groups that know each other through other contexts (association, work relationship)
- A translator and researcher or artist assistant
- A cooperation with a school
- A solar cooker or organisations with solar cookers
- Video and photography equipment

HOW SHOULD YOU DO IT?

In DANUrB we followed four steps:

- Research on the internet and site-specific research
- 2 Meetings for exchange of interests with our local partners, defining mutual interests on common ground and seeds
- 3 Integration of the local partners in the workshops at the schoolyard and intersection of trans-disciplinary approaches, working, eating, drawing, solar cooking and talking are taking place at the same time.
- 4 Develop a format for the representation of results for participants and potential visiting groups (especially schools, etc.).

GENERAL GUIDELINES:

- The expanded garden is a laboratory on collaboration and cooperation on territory practices, interventions are used as a situation for co-production and knowledge exchange
- Close collaboration needs time and face to face communication
- Respondents need support (e.g. technical support)
- Research on site and direct exchange of interest
- Consider necessary language skills
- The project should result in interactions between local partners and the schools

Publisher:

Hungarian Contemporary Architecture Centre (KÉK) 1111 Budapest, Bartók Béla út 10-12. www.kek.org.hu

Lector:

Barangó Bajtai Zoltán

Translater:

Zalasch Tímea

Design:

Teodóra Tóth

Contributors:

Zoltán Barangó Bajtai, Eszter Dávida, Mercédesz Jeczkó, János Klaniczay, Tímea Szőke, Tímea Zalasch, Budapest100 team, BME ÉPK Department of Urban Planning and Design, kultúrAktív, Oikodrom, Valyó group.

Project co-funded by European Union funds (ERDF, IPA, ENI).

If you are interested and would also like to organise an expanded garden project, please contact us.

Web:

CHRISTOPHEULER.AT/VISUAL-ARTIST/

CARGOCOLLECTIVE.COM/IRENELUCAS

FACEBOOK.COM/IRENE.LUCAS.5477

LAENGENFELDGARTEN.AT/WP-CONT-ENT/UPLOADS/GARTENKULTUR_IM_ SCHULHOF.PDF





